

# Weather Forecast

Mostly sunny with highest about 68 today. Clear and cool tonight with lowest about 48. Tomorrow, fair and a little cooler. (Full report on Page A-2.)

Midnight	6 a.m.	11 a.m.	6 p.m.
54	50	62	52
2 a.m.	50	62	52
4 a.m.	50	60	51

# The Evening Star

WITH SUNDAY MORNING EDITION

## Guide for Readers

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## Truman and Marshall Conferring, Remain Silent as Vinson Report Causes Repercussions in Britain

### Rumors of Mission Neither Denied Nor Confirmed

#### BULLETIN

Secretary of State Marshall and Undersecretary Lovett will return to the White House during the afternoon for further conferences with President Truman, it was announced shortly before 1 p.m. today. The hour of the meeting was not given.

President Truman and Secretary of State Marshall conferred on the international situation for 45 minutes at the White House today, shortly after both had returned to Washington.

The conference ended without any official confirmation or denial of a sensational report that Mr. Truman had proposed—and then abandoned—plans to send Chief Justice Vinson on a peace mission to Moscow.

Eben A. Ayres, assistant White House press secretary, said he did not know whether further conferences would be held during the day.

Lovett at Conference.

Gen. Marshall came back from the United Nations meeting in Paris, at Mr. Truman's request, for the conference on grave international issues revolving around relations with Russia.

Undersecretary of State Robert A. Lovett took part in the conference.

Gen. Marshall and Mr. Lovett left the White House through a side door without seeing reporters.

There was no comment from the White House or the State Department on what was discussed in the 45-minute meeting.

Mr. Truman returned from a three-day election swing into the East at 9:46 a.m. and told reporters at the Union Station that he had "not a word" of comment on the reported Vinson peace mission or his conference with Gen. Marshall.

Meets Marshall at Airport.

The President drove to the White House to leave Mrs. Truman and then went to the airport to meet Gen. Marshall.

The President reached the airport just as "The Independence"—the special presidential DC-6 sent to Paris to bring Gen. Marshall home—touched the runway at 10:10 a.m. after circling the airport for about 10 minutes to give Mr. Truman time to arrive there.

If Gen. Marshall was angered or annoyed by the Vinson report, he gave no evidence of it in his meeting with the President.

Walks Across Runway.

Mr. Truman walked across the runway as "The Independence" taxied up to the Mayday Air Transport Service terminal, accompanied by Admiral William D. Leahy and his military and naval aides.

Gen. Marshall, first down the ramp of the plane, was smiling when he greeted the President.

"I just got in," Mr. Truman said, adding that he was waiting for Gen. Marshall and Mr. Lovett to ride back to the White House with him.

They continued to smile and shake hands as photographers snapped their pictures. A crowd of about 100 reporters, including French Ambassador Bonnet, was on hand to witness the meeting.

Soon after the President's car rolled up to the White House, Mr. Truman and Gen. Marshall clasped themselves in the President's office.

Mr. Lovett did not join them immediately.

There was no evidence that Gen. Marshall had been forewarned of the publication of reports, but it was learned that well-informed diplomats now consider that this idea has been definitely and finally abandoned as being entirely out of line with present American policy toward Russia. It was not, therefore, considered an issue in the talks between Gen. Marshall and Mr. Truman.

What could be established in spite of the marked silence of the White House was that the President had seen Gen. Marshall.

See MARSHALL, Page A-3.

Sporadic Rail Strikes Break Out in France

By the Associated Press

PARIS, Oct. 9.—Sporadic rail strikes, sparked by the Communists, broke out in France today. The nation already was staggered by a six-day Communist-led mine strike which seriously damaged her economy.

In Eastern France, strikers took over the Mulhouse depot, stopped work at Reims and at Blainville, near Nancy. In the southeast, a rail strike was complete at Chambery and partial at Grenoble. In the north, a partial strike was under way at Calais and St. Omer. In the west, Cherbourg service continued despite a partial walkout.

In Paris, workers at the Gare de l'Est (east station) voted to strike, but only a few walked out today.

As in the mine strikes, the Communist-dominated General Confederation of Labor was the organizer. Strike votes were taken to support demands for a 40-hour week, a month's vacation with pay and a minimum monthly wage of 25,000 francs (\$75), double the present minimum.

The mine stoppage claimed one life yesterday. Scores have been injured. One worker was killed near Metz yesterday—trampled by a crowd of workers attacking police and soldiers. Four were hurt in the melee. Earlier, soldiers and strikers were hurt in a skirmish in a steel mill in Eastern France.



TRAVELERS' RETURN—President Truman, who reached Washington less than half an hour before his Secretary of State arrived from Paris, is shown greeting Gen. Marshall at the MATS terminal today.

### President Preparing For Midwest Tour Starting Tomorrow

#### Minnesota Visit Figures In Effort of Democrats To Defeat Senator Ball

By Joseph A. Fox

Details were being completed today for President Truman's next mid-Western drive for votes as the President came back to the Capital after stumping Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York.

Mr. Truman leaves Washington again at 8 p.m. tomorrow with his first principal stop scheduled Monday morning in Cincinnati where he will breakfast with political leaders and perhaps have a few words to say.

On Monday night he will go into heavily industrialized Akron for a major talk and the next day he will move to Springfield, Ill., to make a bid for the farm vote.

Minnesota Visit Important.

Indiana, Wisconsin and Minnesota also are on his itinerary with the last named figuring importantly in Democratic calculations for picking up another Senate seat. The Republican incumbent, Senator Ball, is opposed by Hubert Humphrey, mayor of Minneapolis, who is conceded a good chance to win.

The President will return to the Capital next Saturday and then fly to Miami for what has been described as a "non-political" speech at the American Legion Convention October 18.

The President's four-State push left him in an optimistic frame of mind because of the crowds which turned out to welcome him.

He ended up last night in Buffalo, N. Y., where he told his audience that he was coming back here today to meet Secretary of State Marshall and try to work out an armistice settlement of the Russian problem.

"I shall discuss with Secretary Marshall means for working out a constructive and peaceful solution of our problems abroad within the framework of our basic American principles and within the framework of the Government for what likely will be a 'crucial' four years," Mr. Truman said that period probably would answer two questions:

"War or peace? Hard times or prosperity?"

Emphasizing that "every right-thinking American wants peace," Mr. Truman expressed the conviction that "our prayers will be answered and we will have peace."

(See TRUMAN, Page A-3.)

Driven Indoors by Rain.

The President touched only briefly on the foreign situation at the outset of a talk in Eagles Auditorium, where his speech was shifted because of rain. Originally it was planned to use the Buffalo International League Baseball Park.

Asserting that the administration to be chosen November 2 would run the Government for what likely will be a "crucial" four years, Mr. Truman said that period probably would answer two questions:

"War or peace? Hard times or prosperity?"

Emphasizing that "every right-thinking American wants peace," Mr. Truman expressed the conviction that "our prayers will be answered and we will have peace."

(See TRUMAN, Page A-3.)

AMG Sending 4 Germans To U. S. to See Election

By the Associated Press

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—The American Military Government announced today it is sending four selected German political leaders to the United States to observe the American presidential campaign and elections.

The project is part of AMG's program to acquaint representative Germans with life in America and give them opportunity to observe democratic procedures.

The chosen four will leave Monday under escort of Louis C. Kelly of Rochester, N. Y., Military Government official. They are Christian Democratic and Social Democratic party leaders.

### New Dulles Reports Studied by Dewey on Return to Albany

#### Berlin Blockade Problem And Other U. N. Work Covered by Adviser

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Gov. Dewey today studied fresh reports from John Foster Dulles, his foreign affairs adviser, after his returning last week from New York, where he made his first statement on housing in breaking ground for the new Alfred E. Smith housing project.

The reports on progress of the Berlin blockade problem and other international issues in the United Nations meeting in Paris were transmitted to the Republican presidential nominee through Allen Dulles, brother of the American delegate to the U. N.

Gov. Dewey also was attempting to clean up State business before his second campaign tour.

Leaves Tomorrow Night.

He starts out tomorrow night for another round of speaking, with the first formal address at Pittsburgh Monday night.

In the Dewey camp it was contended unofficially that President Truman's recall of Secretary of State Marshall for a report on the Paris developments was designed, in part, to affect the New York Governor's action in having John Foster Dulles fly here earlier in the week for a personal briefing.

Both candidates were said by some politicians to be trying to impress the public with the attention they give every move in the troubled relations between the United States and Russia.

Each has been sounding a peace theme. Mr. Truman hit it hard last night in his speech at Buffalo that ended a barnstorming trip through New York State.

He said he thought it was the prayer of the American people "that we have peace."

Says Slums Must Be Rebuilt.

Gov. Dewey will have a chance to give his version when he starts Monday morning on a series of trainside appearances in Pennsylvania.

In New York yesterday he told a rainy day crowd of 500 persons at the site of Al Smith's birthplace that city slums must be cleared and rebuilt.

He added that the Federal Government must come through with subsidies to speed up "improvements" when they are needed in the crowded urban centers.

Dewey aides said originally that the nominee would talk about labor legislation at Pittsburgh. He apparently has changed his mind, but he has not disclosed what his topic will be.

Bismarck Kin Granted New Trial in Germany

By the Associated Press

FRANKFURT, Germany, Oct. 9.—Baron Heinrich von Einsiedel, Moscow-trained wartime flyer for Germany, sentenced to six months in jail by an American court, has won a new trial.

Einsiedel is a great grandson of Germany's "Iron Chancellor," Otto Bismarck, a mysterious figure in postwar Germany. He was found guilty on September 9 of the charge of carrying "false papers."

Judge D. B. Bernstein of the Military Government Court said today he had reviewed the case and had ordered a new trial on November 2 on the basis of "new evidence" obtained by Einsiedel's lawyer.

Einsiedel has been released in the meantime on bail of 500 deutschmarks (\$167 at the legal rate).

The Army said he was arrested originally on suspicion of being a Communist spy, but he was tried only on the lesser "false papers" charge.

### Plan Labeled as Blow to Prestige Of U. N. Council

By the Associated Press

PARIS, Oct. 9.—Sources close to the British delegation said today that President Truman's reported plan to initiate direct contact with Russia over Berlin "would have rocked and could have wrecked the United Nations."

These informants said they have received no official details of the reported White House move which would have taken Chief Justice Vinson to the Kremlin.

But, they said, if such a move had taken place it would have meant "a flouting of the Security Council and a sign that its status as an agency for settling international disputes is disrespected completely."

Breaking of Pledge Seen.

They said they doubted whether the British and French governments would have agreed to such a move had they been consulted in advance.

A get-together between Mr. Vinson and Prime Minister Stalin on Berlin would imply a breaking of the Western power pledge not to negotiate with Russia under duress, it was pointed out.

One Western diplomat who has been in close touch with the American and French experts handling the Berlin case said:

"There would have been no reason for the three governments to take the case to the U. N. if such a direct approach to the Kremlin had been agreed. The fact that we took it to the Security Council means we accepted it as the best course open to us. It suggests to the world we have a belief in the authority of the U. N. suddenly for one government to bypass the world body after approaching it would have been a slap in its face from which it might never have recovered."

Others See Justification.

Diplomats of some "neutral" delegations here did not altogether share these views.

They asserted that in an issue possibly involving war and peace, any means that could bring about a settlement were justified.

The only reservation they made was that clearly the American campaign "really was planned, should have taken place in concert with the British and French governments."

Russian-Controlled Paper Sees Political Maneuver

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—The Russian-controlled newspaper Nacht Express observed today that President Truman's reported plan to send a special envoy to Moscow on the Berlin crisis looked like a political campaign maneuver.

Editorial comment on reports that Mr. Truman had called off the plan after State Department protests, the Express said:

"We won't take a tragic view of this. The whole thing has to be observed as part of the election campaign. It is a maneuvering against the Republicans."

Furthermore, it is becoming ever clearer that the crisis can be resolved only through four-power negotiations. Even the United Nations members who are not directly concerned with the issue seem to be coming around to this point of view."

The "little six"—Argentina, Colombia, Syria, Belgium, Canada and China—was understood to have moved to postpone a Council meeting tentatively set for Monday to give mediation plans more time to jell.

The neutrals were reported weighing a direct appeal to the Big Four to settle their Berlin differences by mutual concession and co-operation. This new trend in the ticklish Berlin blockade was said to have emerged after the six "neutrals" heard a report from Argentine Foreign Minister Juan Bramuglia on his secret talks with Russia's Andrei Y. Vishinsky.

There was no immediate indication (See U. N., Page A-3.)

Thermometer Drops to 45, Lowest Point Since May 6

The thermometer dropped to 45 degrees early today, its lowest point since May 6, the Weather Bureau reported.

The forecast predicted somewhat warmer weather today, with a high temperature of about 68, as compared to yesterday's maximum of 64 at 4:18 p.m. The low tonight will be around 48.

Tomorrow will be fair and a little cooler, according to the prediction.

The low mark today came at 6:12 a.m.

Man Held in Molesting Of 9-Year-Old Girl

A 48-year-old man arrested early today was being held for investigation in connection with the complaint of a 9-year-old girl that he had molested her as she slept alone in her home.

Gallinger Hospital reported "evidence of rape," police said. The child's foster parents arrived home from a restaurant where the mother works to find the man asleep in his car in front of the home, and the child inside the house in a hysterical condition, detectives reported.

Football Scores on WMAL

The Star will continue its Saturday Nation-wide roundup of football scores over radio station WMAL tonight, from 8 to 8:15.

The broadcast, by Bill Coyle, also will feature highlights of important games.

Do not phone The Star for scores. Despite increased trunk lines, The Star cannot furnish the results by telephone.

Please Don't Call The Star



Aloft and Aloof...

### U. S. Is Warned by Churchill Not to Give Up Atomic Bomb

#### Says Step Would 'Murder Human Freedom'; Urges West to 'Bring Matters to a Head'

By the Associated Press

LLANDUDNO, Wales, Oct. 9.—Winston Churchill warned today that World War III may burst on humanity at any time because of the Berlin crisis.

Only the United States' possession of atom bombs stops a Communist juggernaut from engulfing all Western Europe, the wartime Prime Minister declared in an address at the Conservative Party annual conference.

Americans would be "guilty of murdering human freedom and committing suicide themselves" if they agreed to destroy their stock of atom bombs, Mr. Churchill said. Russia is demanding in the United Nations that the atom bombs be scrapped, and the weapon outlawed at once.

"At the present time, our only foundation of peace and the prevention of actual war rests upon strength," Mr. Churchill said. "The Western nations will be far more likely to reach a lasting settlement without bloodshed if they formulate their just demands while they have the atomic power and before the Russian Communists have got it, too."

Mr. Churchill urged the West to "bring matters to a head and make a final settlement" before Russia gets the bomb. "The Russians should release their grip on satellite states, free German and Japanese prisoners, they 'now hold as slaves,' cease to 'oppress, torment and exploit' the parts of Austria and Germany they hold and cease disruptive operations elsewhere in the world before a settlement is reached," Mr. Churchill said.

Turning to Japan, Mr. Churchill highly praised the administration of United States Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

"When I survey the misfortune in which Europe is plunged I admire the wisdom and statescraft (See CHURCHILL, Page A-3.)

### 'Neutrals' in U. N. Bid For Additional Time to Mediate Berlin Crisis

#### 'Little Six' Is Reported Encouraged by Argentine Talks With Russians

By the Associated Press

PARIS, Oct. 9.—The "neutral" nations on the Security Council today were reported bidding for more time to press their efforts to patch up the East-West Berlin crisis.

The "little six"—Argentina, Colombia, Syria, Belgium, Canada and China—was understood to have moved to postpone a Council meeting tentatively set for Monday to give mediation plans more time to jell.

The neutrals were reported weighing a direct appeal to the Big Four to settle their Berlin differences by mutual concession and co-operation. This new trend in the ticklish Berlin blockade was said to have emerged after the six "neutrals" heard a report from Argentine Foreign Minister Juan Bramuglia on his secret talks with Russia's Andrei Y. Vishinsky.

There was no immediate indication (See U. N., Page A-3.)

### 4 Boys Cleared of Charges Of Attempted Assault

Charges against four Arlington teen-agers of attempting to rape a 16-year-old Arlington girl September 28 were dismissed today by United States Commissioner Stanley King following a closed hearing in Alexandria.

The youths were accused of attempting to attack the girl in a parked car on the Mount Vernon boulevard following an automobile ride to Mount Vernon.

A similar charge against a fifth boy was dismissed last Monday by Mr. King.

### Group Insulates Ceiling Of Playroom and Paints Gymnasium

About 50 Washington workmen rolled up their sleeves today and had Barney Neighborhood House well on the way to a complete new renovation job.

The skilled workmen of the Washington Building Trade Council (WBTC) began arriving as early as 7:15 a.m. in a demonstration of the neighborhood spirit making the 1949 Community Chest Federation campaign.

Painters, carpenters and other workers started in on the play yard at the settlement house, located at 470 N. Street S.W., and by 11:30 had covered it with asphalt, after having done the leveling by hand.

Insulation Installed.

They installed insulation in the ceiling of the larger boys' playroom, and by 9 o'clock were shellingacking and painting the walls. Then gymnasium was getting a thorough painting, electrical repairs and floor scraping.

The workmen volunteered their services in the spirit of Red Feather Day, on which all employees were asked to contribute at least one day's home pay for the community in the form of donations to the Community Chest.

Even the union business agents went right to work. William A. Johnson, business representative for the carpenters' District Council, commented that he hadn't had overalls on in 13 years as he joined his fellows.

The materials the workmen used were contributed by the Washington Building Congress, representing District Contractors. The settlement house for many years has been supported by Red Feather funds.

The workers on the job were recruited by an AFL committee, which included Arthur Morris of the Teamsters' Union, Norman Hoyle, Asbestos Workers; J. C. O'Brien, Sheet Metal Workers; William Gray, S. M. Leak and Robert Wearing, all of the Laborers' District Council.

Also Joseph P. Hillock and Charles D. Lewis, both of Painters' Local 388; B. E. Blackburn of Carpenters' District Council; J. I. Cragger, Electrical Workers' Local 28; J. C. Turner, Operating Engineers' Local 77, and Frank O'Connor, Washington Building Trades Council.

Members of the Washington Building Congress participating in the project have been named as follows:

The Celotex Corp., The Washington Woodworking Co., Martin Wiegand, Inc.; Standard Floors, Inc.; A. W. Lee, Inc.; Edward W. Minte Co., Inc.; W. R. Winslow Co., Inc. (See CHIEFT, Page A-2.)

### 120 Sternists Escape Jaffa Jail; Held Since Bernadotte Slaying

#### Area Is Cordoned Off After Prisoners Disarm Guards, Seize Control

By the Associated Press

TEL AVIV, Israel, Oct. 9.—Scores of Stern Gang members spectacularly broke from heavily guarded Jaffa Jail today. From 70 to 100 were believed still at large.

Gunfire split the Sabbath stillness in the area. The jail is believed to have held most of the 250 Sternists rounded up in an Israeli drive on terrorism touched off September 17 by the assassination of Count Folke Bernadotte, the United Nations mediator.

About 120 Sternists broke out of the jail. Of these, up to 50 merely went for a swim in the sea near the jail or visited with friends before returning voluntarily.

First reports were that outside attackers aided the break, but apparently it came spontaneously from within the jail.

Some may have slipped through a strong cordon of military police which cut off entire northern half of the port city.

While the jail presumably held most of the Sternists captured in the Israeli manhunt after Count Bernadotte's assassination, the best available information was that Nathan Friedman-Yellin and other top Stern leaders were held elsewhere. Israel has outlawed the underground extremist organization.

The prisoners suddenly overpowered the guards. Three hours after the break, a newsman and a photographer, admitted to the jail by the Sternists, saw disarmed military police guards quietly eating lunch in the cafeteria while the "prisoners" walked in and out at will.

Reinforcements Rushed Up.

Military police reinforcements hastily rushed up, immediately took steps to prevent any of the prisoners from getting farther away than the radius of six or eight blocks from the waterfront jail.

Prisoners, who admitted reporters to the jail, told the story this way: A large group of prisoners' relatives had gathered outside the barred wire. Many prisoners scrambled across and disarmed some guards. The other guards were said to have surrendered. Four persons were reported slightly wounded by Sternists climbed to the roof and silenced a guard's Bren gun.

During the night the prisoners continued to wander about the jail area at will, but the police cordon was closing in through the narrow streets of the Arab district. Both sides seemed to be trying to avoid violence.

Censorship imposed no restrictions on the foreign dispatches concerning the break. A government statement is expected when the guards close in on the jail area.

Japan Looks to MacArthur For Views on Next Premier

By the Associated Press

TOKYO, Oct. 9.—Japanese politicians are waiting to see if Gen. MacArthur will express his views on who should be the next prime minister on the Japanese mainland.

Since Hitoshi Ashida's cabinet resigned two days ago, party chiefs have been maneuvering to pick Ashida's successor.

Two of those party leaders—former Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida of the ultra-conservative Democratic-Liberal and Takao Miki of the Peoples' Co-operative—were scheduled to meet with Gen. MacArthur this evening.

Gen. MacArthur may only discuss the general political situation with the politicians of Yoshida's and Miki's reports on their meetings may influence the selection of the next prime minister.

American Airlines Strike Fails to Materialize

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—A strike threatened for midnight last night against American Airlines and its American Overseas Airlines Division failed to materialize.

## Indians Leading Braves, 1 to 0, In First Inning

### Double by Boudreau Drives Mitchell In For First Counter

By Burton Hawkins

Star Staff Correspondent

CLEVELAND, Oct. 9.—The Cleveland Indians were leading the Boston Braves in the fourth World Series game today.

The score was 1-0 in the first inning.

The Boston Braves started their ace, Johnny Sain, in an effort to even matters with the Indians, who now lead by 2 games to 1. Cleveland countered with Steve Gromek, who went into the game with a record of 9 won and 3 lost.

The Braves were forced to change their battery at the last minute when Bill Sakeld, who had been named to start behind the plate, developed a slight hernia. Phil Masi replaced him as catcher.

Cloudy skies